

Clearing and not so cold tonight,  
Saturday fair and slightly colder,  
fresh southeast winds.

# The Evening Times

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For Washington People.

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## PRINCE AND PARTY VISIT ANNAPOLIS

Maryland's Ancient Capital  
Reached in Driving  
Rain.

PRINCE RECEIVED WITH SALUTE

Superintendent Wainwright  
Greeted His Royal High-  
ness at Train.

THE PARTY AT THE ACADEMY

Great Multitude Gathered at the Depot  
and at All Points Along the Route to  
Catch a Glimpse of the Distinguished  
Visitor and His Party.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Feb. 27.—The special  
train bearing his royal highness, Prince  
Henry of Prussia, and party, from Wash-  
ington, arrived here in a driving rain at  
10:35 this morning.

Commander Wainwright, Superintendent  
of the Academy, was at the station to  
greet the royal visitor.

Cannon boomed an admiral's salute of  
twenty-one guns as the train stopped, and  
a detachment of cadets escorted the  
party to the Academy.

Those who accompanied the Prince and  
his suite to Annapolis were: The German  
Ambassador and officials of the Embassy;  
Secretary of the Navy Long, Senator Hale  
and Representative Foss, chairman of the  
Naval Committee; Assistant Secretary of  
State Sanger, Third Assistant Secretary of  
State Polk, Surgeon General Rixey, Ad-  
miral Bowles, Bradford, O'Neil, Edin-  
cote, Kenney, and Terry; Judge Advocate  
General Lemly; Captain Sigbee, Com-  
mander Sutherland, and General Heywood  
of the Marine Corps.

Interested in Annapolis.  
Although Annapolis is a small place as  
compared to the other points on the tour  
of the Prince, yet from all appearances  
he deemed what he saw today not the  
least interesting sight of his tour.

The building operations on the new  
Academy are not yet completed, but  
enough of the magnificent new buildings  
are constructed to give an idea of the  
whole.

The Prince today took the keenest in-  
terest in the buildings, and the plans for

### Today's Programme for Prince Henry

9:15 a. m.—Departure of the Prince  
suite and escort for Annapolis.  
10:30 a. m.—Arrival at Annapolis.  
11 a. m.—Visit to Naval Academy  
and inspection of cadet battalion.  
11:30 a. m.—Inspection of various  
departments and new buildings of  
Academy.  
1:30 p. m.—Luncheon at house of  
Commander Wainwright, Superintend-  
ent of the Academy.  
2 p. m.—Parade of cadets in front  
of Superintendent's house.  
2:30 p. m.—Departure for Washing-  
ton.  
4 p. m.—Arrival at Washington.  
5 p. m.—Prince's farewell call upon  
President Roosevelt.  
8 p. m.—Dinner to Prince and suite  
at German Embassy.  
10 p. m.—Serenade to Prince by local  
German societies.  
10:30 p. m.—Departure of Prince,  
suite and escort on Western tour.

future construction, as well as all the  
drills and practical exercises shown him.  
Despite the heavy wind and rain of this  
morning, a great multitude of people  
gathered at the railroad station, and all  
points along the route to get a glimpse  
of the royal visitor.

Companies M and G, the two local com-  
panies of the First Regiment, Maryland  
National Guard, and twenty-five extra  
police from Baltimore, held the immense  
throng in check.

Saluted at the Academy.  
The carriages containing the Prince  
and his suite then proceeded down Col-  
lege Avenue to King George Street, and  
thence through No. 4 gate at the Academy  
to the parade ground, where His Highness  
was received by the heads of departments  
of the institution and the battalion of  
cadets.

As the Prince's carriage entered the  
gate a national salute of twenty-one guns  
was fired.

The cadet battalion then passed in re-  
view, after which the Prince and suite,  
accompanied by Superintendent Wain-  
wright and Commander Colehan, made a  
tour of inspection of the several depart-  
ments of the Academy, and also the new  
buildings now under construction.

Could Not Visit Capitol.  
A joint resolution was passed by the  
Maryland Legislature today appointing a  
committee of members of the Senate and

## SENATORS TILLMAN AND McLAURIN ARE CENSURED FOR DISORDERLY BEHAVIOR

Resolution Reported by the Committee on Privileges and Elections Adopted by a Vote of 54  
to 12—Mr. Tillman Again Causes a Scene When His Name Is Called, But  
His Words Are Withdrawn—The McLaurins Excused From Voting.

By a vote of 54 to 12 the Senate today  
adopted a resolution censuring Senators  
Tillman and McLaurin of South Carolina  
for their disorderly behavior of February  
22, and declaring the resolution of con-  
tempt no longer in effect.

During the roll call, when the name of  
Mr. Tillman was called he arose in his  
seat, and said with face red with anger:  
"Mr. President: Among gentlemen an  
apology for an offense committed under  
the heat of blood is usually considered  
sufficient."

(Sensation in galleries and on the  
floor.)  
Mr. Keen (N. J.).—Mr. President. As  
the Senator from South Carolina has  
again insulted the Senate, I change my  
vote from aye to nay.

Danger of a Stampede.  
For a moment there appeared to be  
danger of a stampede, and a reopening of  
the whole matter.

Mr. McLaurin (S. C.) was excused from  
voting, as was his cousin, Mr. McLaurin  
(Miss.)

His Words Withdrawn.  
Mr. Tillman said: "If the words were  
offensive—they were not intended to be  
so—I withdraw them."

Mr. Tillman (Conn.) said he had voted  
under protest and he desired that fact to be  
known after Mr. Tillman's worthy exhibi-  
tion.

Mr. Tillman was finally allowed to with-  
draw his words.

New Rule of Conduct.  
Mr. Hoar (Mass.) presented an amend-  
ment to the rules prohibiting in debate  
any word or action directly or indirectly  
that would be unbecoming the conduct of  
any Senator.

Mr. Burrows (Rep., Mich.), chairman of  
the Committee on Privileges and Elec-  
tions, read the report of the committee.  
He said he was ordered by the committee  
to report the action which should be  
taken by the Senate in regard to the mat-  
ter, including the following resolution:

"Resolved, That it is the judgment of  
the Senate that the Senators from South

Carolina (Tillman and McLaurin) for dis-  
orderly behavior and flagrant violation of  
the rules of the Senate during the open  
session of the Senate on February 22,  
deserve the censure of the Senate, and  
are hereby so censured for their breach  
of the privileges and dignity of this body;  
and from and after the adoption of this  
resolution the order adjudging them to  
be in contempt shall be no longer in force  
and effect."

Full Account of Trouble.  
The report of the committee was then  
read in extenso. It begins with a state-  
ment of the controversy, quoting in full  
the official report in the record.

While the report was being read ex-  
ception to one statement in it was taken  
by Mr. Teller, but Mr. Foraker said that  
if there was any error, it was because the  
official reporters were unable to state  
exactly what took place on that occa-  
sion. [Laughter.]

The committee expresses the opinion  
that the legal effect of adjudging the Sen-  
ators in contempt was to suspend their  
functions as Senators and that such a  
punishment for disorderly behavior was  
clearly within the power of the Senate;  
but the conclusion which the commit-  
tee had reached made it unnecessary  
to discuss that question.

Comparison of Offenders.  
Mr. McLaurin, the report says, did not  
commence the encounter, but remained  
at his desk and watched the attack made  
on him. In other words, his offense was  
confined to his unparliamentary language,  
for which he had unusual provocation.

In the case of Mr. Tillman, the after-  
thought was begun by him. He not only  
made a charge without any proposal for  
an investigation, but he disclaimed  
knowledge of any evidence to establish it.

The committee is of opinion that the  
public good and the dignity of the Senate  
will be best promoted and protected by  
imposing on each Senator by a formal  
vote the censure of the Senate, and it  
therefore recommends the adoption of the  
resolution reported by it.

Mr. Bailey (Dem., Texas) presented the  
views of the minority of the commit-  
tee, signed by himself and Senators Pet-  
titt, Blackburn, Dubois, and Foster. It  
dissests from so much of the majority  
reports as assert the power of the Sen-  
ate to suspend a Senator and thus de-  
prive a State of its vote; and from so much  
of it as describes the offenses of the two  
Senators as of different gravity; but ap-  
proves the rest of the report.

Still Further Views.  
The views of the minority as presented  
by Mr. McComas, and signed by him, and  
Senators Beveridge and Pritchard were  
also read. It suggests that the punish-  
ment of Mr. Tillman be suspension for  
five days and that of Mr. Tillman sus-  
pension for twenty-one days.

Mr. Pritchard adds to the views of the  
minority an observation that in his opin-  
ion, the punishment already suffered by  
Mr. McLaurin is adequate to his offense.

Vote on the Resolution.  
The vote was then taken on the resolu-  
tion reported by the Committee on Privi-  
leges and Elections and it was agreed to,  
yeas 54, nays 12, as follows:

Yeas—Aldrich, Allison, Bacon, Bailey,  
Bard, Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Burrows,  
Carmack, Clark of Montana, Clay, Cock-  
rell, Culberson, Cullum, Depew, Dilling-  
ham, Dooliver, Dubois, Elkins, Fairbanks,  
Foraker, Foster of Louisiana, Frye, Gal-  
lenger, Gibson, Hansbrough, Harris, Haw-  
ley, Hoar, Kearns, Lodge, McComber,  
McHenry, McMillan, Mallory, Martin,  
Mitchell, Money, Nelson, Patterson, Per-  
kins, Pettitt, Platt of Connecticut, Quar-  
les, Rawlins, Simmons, Stewart, Tallefer-  
ro, Teller, Turner, Vest, Warren and Viet-  
names—54.

Nays—Beveridge, Clark of Wyoming,  
Deboe, Dickrich, Foster of Washington,  
Keen, Kittredge, McComas, Millard,  
Pritchard, Proctor, Scott—12.

Absent—Burnham, Burton, Daniel, Dry-  
den, Gamble, Hale, Hanna, Hittelford,  
Jones of Arkansas, Jones of Nevada,  
Mason, Morgan, Penrose, Platt of New  
York, Quay, Simon, Wellington. Total, 17.

## WIDE AREA COVERED BY THE RAINSTORM

END OF THE STORM  
IS NOW IN SIGHT

"The storm which has moved  
from the North Pacific Coast  
to the upper Mississippi Val-  
ley is one of the most remark-  
able atmospheric disturbances  
that has ever been shown by  
the weather map of the United  
States."

"It is remarkable on account  
of its great magnitude, the ex-  
tremely low barometer read-  
ings, and the extensive area of  
heavy rain which attended it."

"During Thursday and today  
the barometric depression has  
covered the entire United  
States, and the barometer fell  
to a minimum of 28.68 inches  
over eastern Iowa."

"During the last three days  
the rain area has advanced  
from the Pacific to the Atlantic  
Coast and has extended from  
British Columbia to the Gulf  
of Mexico."

"The outlook is that rain will  
continue in showers until some  
time tonight, followed Satur-  
day by fair weather. There are  
no present indications of any  
decided change in tempera-  
ture."—Prof. Garriott, Official  
Forecaster, Weather Bureau.

Streams in Three States  
Near Record-Break-  
ing Point.

NO SERIOUS DANGER FELT HERE

River Not Likely to Rise Much  
Higher, It Is Thought.

DAMAGE CAUSED IN SOUTH

Reports From Georgia and Elsewhere  
Indicate Heavy Loss and Great Incon-  
venience—Latest Information From the  
Local Weather Bureau.

The excessive rains of last night and  
today were not confined to Washington  
and vicinity, but covered a large area of  
Virginia, West Virginia, and Maryland.  
Streams in these States were swollen al-  
most to the record-breaking point, and  
serious damage is expected at several  
places. Washington, from all advices re-  
ceived up to a late hour this afternoon, is  
not menaced by any serious flood, though  
the water may reach a point slightly  
higher than has yet been recorded since  
high water set in. The city, however, is  
still experiencing considerable difficulty  
in reaching the outside world by telegraph  
and telephone, last night's storm having  
played havoc with the wires, which had  
been seriously crippled for a week previ-  
ously.

Amount of Rainfall Here.  
Beyond the damage that has already  
been caused locally by the filling of the  
cellars of the merchants in the lower  
business sections, nothing further is ex-  
pected. The instruments at the Weather  
Bureau at 11 o'clock this morning showed  
that .54 of an inch of rain had fallen here  
up to that time, which will have no ap-  
preciable effect upon the river situation.  
It did flood some of the sewers and over-  
run into the street in several isolated in-  
stances, but this was due to their clogged  
condition and the consequent inability to  
carry off the water. In the Marble saloon  
at the corner of Ninth Street and Penn-  
sylvania Avenue, the water reached a  
point several inches higher than yester-  
day, but it was due entirely to local con-  
ditions. The river remained all the day  
at about the same level that it attained  
at 1 o'clock this morning.

River Free of Obstruction.  
The river is free of obstruction and is  
capable of carrying off a considerable  
volume of water without altering the sit-  
uation. It would require an extremely  
heavy rain, of long continuance, such  
familiar with the situation say, argu-  
ment by severe winds from the south and  
east, to cause an additional rise. The  
rain is likely to continue until about mid-  
night tonight. It has been general  
throughout all sections east of the Rocky  
Mountains, and is all that remains of the  
storm that originated on the North Pa-  
cific Coast February 23. It is rapidly  
moving in a northeasterly direction, and  
will probably have passed Washington by  
midnight, leaving it clearer and colder.

Last night the storm centre was over  
Missouri, but this morning it was moving  
into eastern Iowa, and was moving in  
the direction of the upper lake region.

Reports Not So Optimistic.  
The reports as to the river received by  
Mr. John T. Nolan, manager in this city  
of the telephone lines of the Baltimore  
and Ohio Railroad, were not optimistic.  
A despatch from Timberville, Va., stated  
that the water had reached a point within  
two feet of the high water mark of the  
1899 flood.

At Harper's Ferry, another despatch  
stated, the water had fallen six feet this  
morning, when it took a turn and rose  
again falling rapidly at noon today. Rain  
had fallen heavily through the valley as  
far down as Lexington all night and was  
still falling. In sections of Georgia the  
downpour almost approached a water  
spout. Flood warnings have been sent  
out for all sections of Georgia and Ala-  
bama.

This afternoon a despatch was received  
at the Weather Bureau from Harper's  
Ferry stating that there had been a slight  
rise of the water at the Ferry since morn-  
ing, but that it was not material. At 8  
o'clock this morning it registered 18.8  
feet above normal and at 11 o'clock only  
a rise of one-tenth of an inch was shown.  
There was also a slight rise at Williams-  
port, but the heavy rain is now over and  
only showers will continue until the skies  
clear sometime during the night.

THE WIRES BADLY CRIPPLED.  
Telegraphic Communication Still Slow  
and Uncertain.

Washington still continues to be with-  
out adequate communication with the out-  
side world. The recent rains have pre-  
vented the repair of the wires which were  
torn down by the heavy storm of last  
week, and telegraphic news has been re-  
duced to an uncertain minimum.

It was stated this morning at the offices  
of the Western Union Telegraph Com-  
pany that they now had direct communica-  
tion with New York, Chicago, Balti-  
more, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Cincinnati,  
and St. Louis, but the wires were neces-  
sarily working slowly. The company is  
accepting messages "subject to delay."

The Postal Telegraph Company is also  
accepting messages "subject to delay." It  
announces that communication with the  
North can only be had with extreme  
difficulty and by a round-about way.

The Western wires of both companies  
are in a much better condition than the  
Eastern lines. Communication with points  
north of Baltimore may, therefore, be  
had in a round-about way, but the process  
is slow and the Western wires are  
overcrowded with the double work.

Seeks Release From Hospital.  
Michael A. Horgan today filed a petition  
for a writ of habeas corpus to secure his  
release from St. Elizabeth Hospital for  
the Insane.

## CLERGYMEN OPPOSE CHURCH TAX BILL

The bill which provides that church  
property shall be no longer exempt from  
special taxation, is likely to meet with  
considerable opposition from the clergy.

Dr. Tunis S. Hamlin, pastor of the  
Church of the Covenant, said this morning  
that he thought the measure unjust.

"It is almost the universal custom not  
to tax church property," he said, "for the  
same reason that charitable and benevo-  
lent institutions are not taxed. The gen-  
eral rule in such matters is that only  
money-making property is taxed. Church  
property yields no income. In view of  
that fact, and of the influences exerted by  
the churches in the community, I think  
the measure an unjust one. I have not  
seen the bill yet, and know of no move-  
ment to contest it, but I should think it  
would meet with general opposition."

Dr. Stafford's Views.  
Dr. D. J. Stafford, pastor of St. Pat-  
rick's Church, said:

"I believe it is true that church prop-  
erty is now generally exempt from taxa-  
tion. I know of no opposition to the  
present bill. It is a matter that comes up  
over so often, and I suppose it will be  
defeated as usual. I would hardly care  
to express an opinion without more  
thought on the subject."

Dr. Randolph H. McKim, rector of the  
Church of the Epiphany, declared this  
morning:

"The measure will affect the churches

Preachers say that repeal of  
church-tax exemption would be  
unjust, and declare belief that  
proposed measure will be de-  
feated.

injuriously. It is the general custom, I  
believe, to exempt the churches from tax-  
ation. I do not know of any movement  
on foot to fight the bill, but think it will  
meet with opposition."

Mr. Mackay-Smith, rector of St. John's  
church, did not wish to discuss so im-  
portant a subject without further thought.  
"I really do not care," he said this  
morning, "to express my opinion on the  
subject on such short notice."

Reason for the Bill.  
The framers of the bill, in explaining  
its necessity, state that one reason that  
it gained favor was because of the effect  
it is expected to have on sidewalk im-  
provement.

The Commissioners, under whose sug-  
gestion the measure was drawn, say that  
when the laying of new sidewalks have  
been delayed, the expense in front of  
churches and schools would be skipped  
because the property was exempt from  
special taxation. In this way the contin-  
uity of the sidewalk improvement was  
marred.

The Commissioners had in mind when  
they requested the passage of the bill  
the avoiding of such breaks in the pave-  
ments.

## AUTOS' SPEED LIMIT MAY BE INCREASED

Victory Won by Chaffeurs  
in Albany.

Millionaire Automobilists May Soon Be  
Free to Drive Machines at a  
Twenty-Mile-an-Hour Rate.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—Millionaire automo-  
bilists won a victory in the senate yester-  
day when the Cocks bill limiting the  
speed of their vehicles was recommitted  
with orders to increase from fifteen to  
twenty miles the rate at which they may  
be driven along country roads.

Senator Cocks is now fearful that his  
bill is practically dead. When the bill  
was reached Senators Grady and Trainor  
pleaded that it should be laid aside until  
Chairman Brewster, of the Judiciary Com-  
mittee, which reported the bill, returned  
to town.

"This provoked Senator Cocks to exclaim:  
"This is simply a plot to kill the bill.  
You have already sought to make it as  
nearly useless as possible. I insist upon  
immediate action."

"Yes," put in Senator Trainor; "I offer  
an amendment increasing the speed limit  
from fifteen to twenty miles along the  
highways and providing that the eight-  
mile limit for cities and villages shall  
not apply to unincorporated villages."

## REFeree NAMED IN THE FAVERSHAM SUIT

Wife's Attorney Takes First  
Step in Case.

No Objection to Move Made by Hus-  
band's Counsel—Strickest Secrecy  
Being Observed in the Affair.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The first legal  
steps in the suit for divorce brought by  
Mrs. Faversham against her husband,  
William Faversham, the actor, were taken  
this morning when Abe Hummel, counsel  
for Mrs. Faversham, appeared before  
Judge Bischoff, in the Supreme Court,  
and asked for the appointment of a referee  
to hear the evidence in the case.

Lawyer Hummel submitted the com-  
plaint and the answer of Mr. Faversham's  
attorney to the court.

No objection was made to the appoint-  
ment of the referee, and he will be named  
in a few days.

Absolute divorce is asked for on statu-  
tory grounds.

Efforts to learn the name of the cor-  
respondent have so far proved fruitless,  
as both sides are maintaining strict sec-  
recy.

The suit has been pending for some  
time.

Mrs. Faversham's whereabouts are not  
known, and all efforts to locate her  
failed.

## CONTENTS OF AYRES' ROOM TO BE SOLD

Articles Will Be Offered at  
Auction Tomorrow.

REMINERS OF THE TRAGEDY

The Wardrobe and Bedstead, Window  
Shade, Containing the Bloody Hand  
Print, and Other Objects Await New  
Owners—Property Mr. Warfield's.

The final chapter in the famous Ken-  
more Hotel tragedy will be enacted to-  
morrow morning at 10 o'clock at the  
salesroom of Mr. James W. Ratcliffe, 520  
Pennsylvania Avenue northwest, when the  
furnishings of the room in which James  
Seymour Ayres, Jr., met his death on the  
morning of May 15, last, will be offered at  
auction.

The sale has already attracted consid-  
erable attention and many inquiries have  
been made particularly for some of the  
grotesque articles. All of the objects of  
that sort, however, have been destroyed  
and only the better portion of the furni-  
shings are to be offered.

Wardrobe and Rocking Chair.  
The wardrobe which stood diagonally  
across from the window, through which  
Mrs. Bonine escaped, to the north wall  
of the room, will be placed under the  
hammer. Ayres' head was found lying  
within a few inches of this wardrobe when  
the door was broken in and directly on the  
left rocker of a rocking chair that is  
also to be sold.

The lace curtains which were thrown  
by the bloody hands as the little woman  
sought safety in flight down the fire-es-  
cape, will also be offered. Lying beside  
them in the auction house are the por-  
tieres which hung across the door that  
separated the room from the one occupied by  
Miss Mary E. Minas. At one time it was  
thought that these curtains might play  
an important part in the investigations  
of the detectives.

Bedstead to Be Sold.  
The bedstead upon which Ayres had  
slept is also to be sold. It is a plain  
white metal bed, the only decorations be-  
ing brass knobs on the tops of the corner  
posts of the bed. There is a woven wire  
spring and a thick mattress to complete  
the outfit.

All of these articles were taken charge  
of by the police immediately after the  
discovery of the body, and have remained  
in their possession ever since with the  
exception of the short time that they were  
held by the District Attorney during the  
trial.

Property of Mr. Warfield.  
At the conclusion of the trial Mr. W. W.  
Warfield, the proprietor of the hotel, was  
notified that the department had the goods  
subject to his order. Mr. Warfield at  
first was inclined to abandon the prop-  
erty as he had a superstitious dread of  
again placing in his house articles that  
were associated with the tragedy. Eventually,  
however, he had the articles removed to  
the auction room on the Avenue where  
they will be sold tomorrow to the highest  
bidders.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.  
It Will Probably Be Reported to the  
House Tomorrow.

The House Committee on Rivers and  
Harbors is still at work on the river and  
harbor appropriation bill. It was said  
this afternoon that the bill will be in  
shape to report to the House tomorrow.  
The members absolutely refuse to give  
out any information concerning the bill.

## SCHLEY CONTROVERSY ENDS WITH COMMITTEE ACTION

By a Vote of 9 to 5 It Refuses to Bring Up the Resolution of  
Thanks by Congress

The House today passed a resolution, in-  
troduced by Mr. Watson (Rep., Ind.), pro-  
viding for the printing of the papers in the  
Schley case. It will contain the testi-  
mony of the Schley Court of Enquiry, the  
opinion of the court, and the dissenting  
views of Admiral Dewey, the appeal of  
Admiral Schley to the President, the re-  
ply of the Navy Department to this ap-  
pel, and the findings of the President.

Representative Mudd of Maryland, in  
the House Committee on Naval Affairs,  
this morning moved that the committee  
take away from the subcommittee the  
consideration of the resolution giving Ad-  
miral Schley the thanks of Congress.

The motion was lost by a vote of nine  
to five. This indicates that the resolu-  
tion will probably die in the hands of the  
subcommittee.

Representative Foss (Rep., Ill.), chair-  
man of the committee, was absent, paired  
with Representative Rixey (Dem., Va.).  
Mr. Vandiver (Dem., Mo.) was absent,  
not paired. Mr. Meyer (Dem., La.) vot-  
ed with the Republicans, and Mr. Mudd  
of Maryland with the Democrats.

The Republicans who voted against re-  
lieving the subcommittee or, in other

words, against bringing the Schley con-  
trovery before the House, were Messrs.  
Dayton of West Virginia, Loudenslager  
of New Jersey, Butler of Pennsylvania,  
Bull of Rhode Island, Watson of Illinois,  
Conins of Iowa, Taylor of Ohio, Roberts  
of Massachusetts. Mr. Meyer (Dem., La.)  
voted with the Republicans.

The Democrats who voted on the other  
side were Messrs. Cummings of New  
York, Tate of Georgia, William Kitcher  
of North Carolina, Wheeler of Kentucky,  
Mr. Mudd of Maryland, Republican, vot-  
ed with them.

Mr. Mudd then moved that the commit-  
tee report another resolution which he  
presented, which eliminates the question  
of command at Santiago, and gives the  
thanks of Congress to Admiral Schley  
and all those who participated with him.

The debate on the subject was an angry  
one, but failed of its purpose. Mr. Cum-  
mings moved to postpone action until  
March 15, and pending this motion,  
a motion by Mr. Cummings to adjourn  
was carried by a vote of 9 to 5. Mr. Cum-  
mings voting in the affirmative with the  
Republicans, Mr. Mudd in the negative  
with the Democrats.

## RIOTING IN SPAIN BREAKS OUT AFRESH

Trouble Today Near Toledo  
and at Albuja.

TAX OFFICES DISMANTLED

Rioters Destroy Documents of the Octroi  
and Tear Down Telegraph Wires.  
Mining Regions in Ferment and Great  
Strike There Is Feared.

MADRID, Feb. 28.—Strike troubles have  
broken out afresh in some sections of  
Spain.

Rioters in the town of Madrid, near  
Toledo, today, entered the tax offices,  
burned all documents of the office, and  
tore down the telegraph wires.

A similar occurrence took place at  
Albuja.

The mining regions of the country are  
in a ferment as the result of strike  
agitation, and it is feared that a gen-  
eral strike in these regions will be de-  
clared tomorrow.

DE WET'S SON CAPTURED.  
Big Fight Reported Between the British  
and Boers.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—An official dispatch  
received at the War Office today reports  
a big fight yesterday between Colonel  
Rymington's and Coling's column and a  
force of Boers.

Manie Botha, a Boer leader, was killed,  
and thirty-five dead were left on the  
ground.

One hundred horses were killed and 600  
head of cattle captured.

Among the prisoners taken were Gen-  
eral De Wet's son and secretary, Com-  
mandants Meyer and Truiter, and several  
Boer captains.

## BILL REGULATING STREET RAILWAYS